

[10-10-18-L8]

2.6 Exercises

Let $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$, $B = \{a, c, e\}$, $C = \{a, f\}$, and $D = \{d\}$. List the elements in each of the following sets. See Examples 2 and 5.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. $A \cap B$ | 2. $B \cap A$ | 3. $A \cap D$ | 4. $B \cap D$ |
| 5. $B \cap C$ | 6. $A \cap \emptyset$ | 7. $A \cup B$ | 8. $B \cup D$ |
| 9. $B \cup C$ | 10. $C \cup B$ | 11. $C \cup D$ | 12. $D \cup C$ |
| 13. $B \cup \emptyset$ | 14. $A \cap (C \cap D)$ | 15. $A \cap (B \cap C)$ | 16. $(A \cap B) \cap C$ |
| 17. $B \cup (C \cup D)$ | 18. $(B \cup C) \cup D$ | 19. $(A \cap B) \cup C$ | 20. $(B \cup C) \cap A$ |

Solve each of the following compound inequalities, then graph each solution. See Examples 1, 3, 4, 6, and 7.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 21. $x > 3$ and $x < 7$ | 22. $x < 2$ and $x > -1$ |
| 23. $x < 4$ and $x > 0$ | 24. $x \leq 2$ or $x \leq 6$ |
| 25. $x \leq -8$ or $x \leq -12$ | 26. $x \leq 3$ and $x \leq 5$ |
| 27. $x \geq 3$ and $x \geq 5$ | 28. $x \leq 3$ or $x \geq 5$ |
| 29. $x \geq 3$ or $x \leq 5$ | 30. $x \geq 3$ or $x \geq 5$ |
| 31. $x - 3 \leq 5$ and $x + 2 \geq 6$ | 32. $x + 5 \leq 9$ and $x - 3 \geq -2$ |
| 33. $3x < -3$ and $x + 2 > 0$ | 34. $3x > -3$ and $x + 2 < 2$ |
| 35. $2x - 1 < 3$ and $2x - 8 > -4$ | 36. $5x + 2 > 2$ and $5x + 2 \leq 7$ |
| 37. $6x - 8 \leq 16$ and $4x - 1 \leq 15$ | 38. $7x + 6 < 48$ and $-2x \geq -6$ |
| 39. $x + 2 > 6$ or $x - 1 < -5$ | 40. $x - 3 > 2$ or $x + 4 < 3$ |
| 41. $2x + 3 > 7$ or $4x - 1 < 3$ | 42. $3x < x + 12$ or $x - 1 > 5$ |
| 43. $2x - 5 > 10$ or $4x > 4$ | 44. $3x - 6 > 15$ or $2x > 15$ |
| 45. $-5x + 2 \leq 17$ or $2x + 1 \leq 9$ | 46. $-3x - 4 > 9$ or $4x + 5 > -13$ |

Find each of the following intervals.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 47. $(-\infty, -1] \cap [-4, +\infty)$ | 48. $[-1, +\infty) \cap (-\infty, 9]$ |
| 49. $[4, +\infty) \cap (-\infty, 12]$ | 50. $(-\infty, -6] \cap [-9, +\infty)$ |
| 51. $(-\infty, 3) \cup (-\infty, -2)$ | 52. $(-\infty, 5) \cup (0, +\infty)$ |
| 53. $(-\infty, 1] \cup [4, +\infty)$ | 54. $(-\infty, -5] \cup [3, +\infty)$ |
| 55. $(5, 11] \cap [6, +\infty)$ | 56. $[-9, 1] \cap (-\infty, -3)$ |
| 57. $(-1, 4) \cap (2, 7)$ | 58. $[3, 6] \cap (4, 9)$ |
| 59. $[-1, 2] \cup (0, 5)$ | 60. $[3, 8] \cup (5, 11)$ |

Are the following statements always true for any choice of three sets X , Y , and Z ?

- | | |
|---|--|
| 61. $X \cap Y = Y \cap X$ | 62. $X \cup Y = Y \cup X$ |
| 63. $X \cup (Y \cap Z) = (X \cup Y) \cap Z$ | 64. $X \cap (Y \cap Z) = (X \cap Y) \cap Z$ |
| 65. $(X \cap Y) \cup Z = X \cap (Y \cup Z)$ | 66. $X \cap (Y \cup Z) = (X \cap Y) \cup (X \cap Z)$ |

Under what conditions on sets A and B do the following hold?

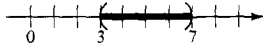
- | | |
|--|--|
| 67. $A \cap B = A \cup B$ | 68. $A \cap A = \emptyset$ |
| 69. $B \cup B = B$ | 70. $B \cap \emptyset = \emptyset$ |
| 71. If $A \subseteq B$, must $A \cap B = A$? | 72. If $A \subseteq B$, must $A \cup B = B$? |

Section 2.6 (page 78)

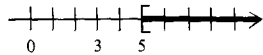
1. {a, c, e} 3. {d} 5. {a} 7. {a, b, c, d, e, f} 9. {a, c, e, f} 11. {a, d, f}

13. $B = \{a, c, e\}$ 15. {a} 17. {a, c, d, e, f} 19. {a, c, e, f}

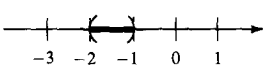
21. (3, 7)



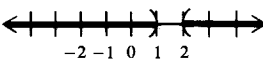
27. $[5, +\infty)$



33. (-2, -1)



41. $(-\infty, 1) \cup (2, +\infty)$



47. [-4, -1]

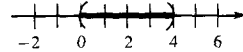
57. (2, 4)

69. Always true

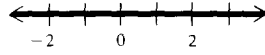
59. [-1, 5)

71. Yes

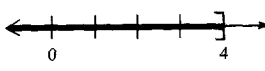
23. (0, 4)



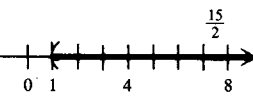
29. $(-\infty, +\infty)$



35. \emptyset 37. $(-\infty, 4]$



43. (1, +infinity)



51. $(-\infty, 3)$

61. Yes

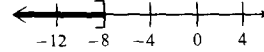
73. {-5, 5}

53. $(-\infty, 1] \cup [4, +\infty)$

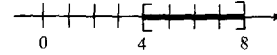
63. Yes

75. {-11, 3}

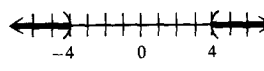
25. $(-\infty, -8]$



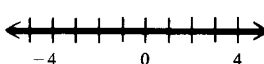
31. [4, 8]



39. $(-\infty, -4) \cup (4, +\infty)$



45. $(-\infty, +\infty)$



55. [6, 11]

67. If A and B are equal

77. {-4, 7}

79. \emptyset