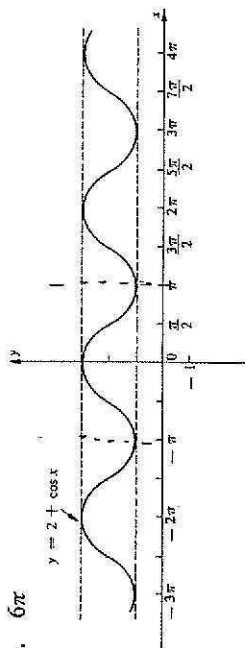


07-02-06-MT-11 ANSWERS

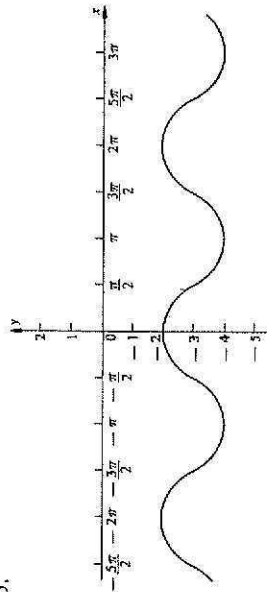
9. $\frac{8}{17}$ 11. $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$ 13. $\frac{15}{17}$ 15. $-\frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$ 17. $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$

Exercises 1.3

3. 6π



5.

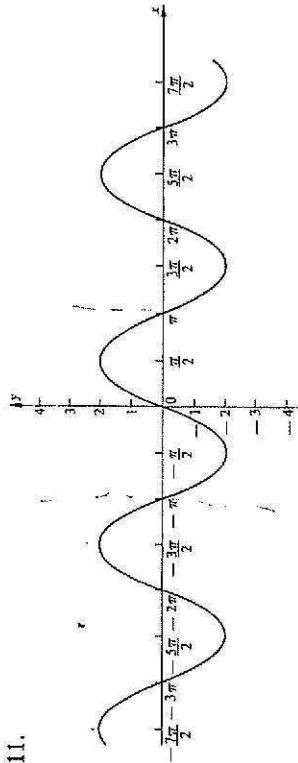


9. a. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

c. 4π

e. 6π

11.



Exercises 1.4

1. a. $\frac{1}{3}$

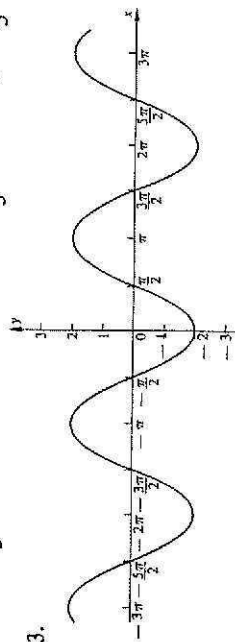
c. 2

e. $\frac{4}{3}$

g. $\frac{9}{5}$

i. 6

3.



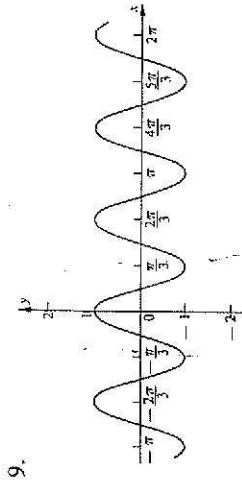
Chapter 1

Exercises 1.1

1. a. II b. $\frac{7\pi}{3}$ c. IV e. I g. IV
 2. a. $\frac{7\pi}{3}$ b. $\frac{13\pi}{3}$ c. $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ d. $\frac{19\pi}{4}$ e. $\frac{13\pi}{4}$
 3. a. $-\frac{\pi}{6}$ b. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ c. $\frac{7\pi}{6}$
 5. a. $-\frac{3\pi}{4}$ b. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ c. $\frac{7\pi}{4}$
 7. a. $\frac{3\pi}{7}$ b. $\frac{4\pi}{7}$ c. $\frac{10\pi}{7}$
 9. a. $\frac{\pi}{12}$ b. $-\frac{11\pi}{12}$ c. $\frac{11\pi}{12}$

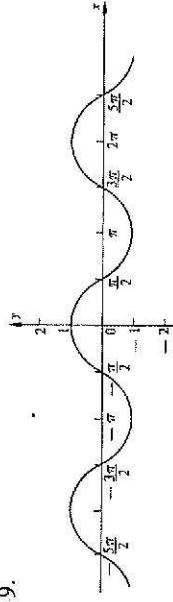
Exercises 1.2

1. a. $(u, -v)$ b. u
 2. a. $\frac{1}{2}$ c. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 3. a. $(-u, -v)$ b. $-u$
 4. a. $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ c. $-\frac{1}{2}$
 5. a. $(-u, v)$ b. $-u$
 6. a. $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ c. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

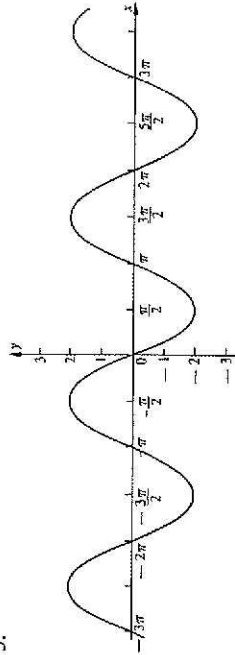


Exercises 1.5

1. $1, -\frac{\pi}{2}, 2\pi$
 5. $2, -\pi, 2\pi$
 7. $3, \frac{\pi}{4}, \pi$
 9. $3, 1, -\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi$



13.



Exercises 1.6

1. a. $\tan(-x) = -\tan x$.
 c. $\cot(-x) = -\cot x$.
 2. a. -1
 e. 2
 i. $-\sqrt{3}$
 3. a. $\tan(\pi - x) = -\tan x$.
 c. $\sec(\pi - x) = -\sec x$.
 4. a. -1
 e. -2
 b. $\sec(-x) = \sec x$.
 d. $\csc(-x) = -\csc x$.
 c. $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ or $-\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 g. $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
 k. $-\sqrt{3}$
 b. $\cot(\pi - x) = -\cot x$.
 d. $\csc(\pi - x) = \csc x$.
 c. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ or $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 g. $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

- i. $-\sqrt{3}$
 5. a. $\tan(x + \pi) = \tan x$.
 c. $\sec(x + \pi) = -\sec x$.
 6. a. $-\sqrt{2}$
 e. $-\sqrt{2}$
 i. 1
 k. $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ or $-\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 7. $\sin x = -\frac{12}{13}, \cos x = -\frac{5}{13}, \tan x = \frac{12}{5}, \cot x = \frac{5}{12}, \csc x = -\frac{13}{12}$.
 9. $\sin x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, \cos x = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}, \cot x = 2, \sec x = \sqrt{5}, \csc x = \sqrt{5}$.
 11. $\sin x = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}, \tan x = -\frac{3}{2}, \cot x = -\frac{2}{3}, \sec x = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{2}, \csc x = -\frac{\sqrt{13}}{3}$
 13. $\sin x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, \cos x = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}, \tan x = \frac{1}{3}, \sec x = -\sqrt{10}, \csc x = -\frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}$.
 Review Exercises
 1. a. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ c. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ e. 1 g. $\frac{1}{2}$ i. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ k. $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$
 12. a. $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ c. 1 e. 1 g. $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ i. 2

Chapter 2

Exercises 2.1

1. $\frac{\pi}{6} \in \mathcal{D}; \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - \sin \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2} \neq 1$.
 5. $0 \in \mathcal{D}; \cos(2 \cdot 0) = \cos 0 = 1; 2 \cos 0 = 2(1) = 2 \neq 1$.
 9. $\pi \in \mathcal{D}; \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = 1; \frac{1}{2} \sin \pi = \frac{1}{2}(0) = 0 \neq 1$.
 13. $\frac{\pi}{6} \in \mathcal{D}; \frac{\tan \frac{\pi}{6} + 1}{\sin \frac{\pi}{6}} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + 1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + 1\right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} + 2; \sec \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \neq \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} + 2$.

Exercises 2.2

The equations in exercises 9, 22, and 23 are conditional equations.
 10. $\cos \theta \cos(-\theta) - \sin \theta \sin(-\theta) = (\cos \theta)(\cos \theta) - (\sin \theta)(-\sin \theta)$
 $= \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$.

11. $\tan^2 \theta \csc^2 \theta - \sec^2 \theta \sin^3 \theta = \frac{(\sin^2 \theta)}{(\cos^2 \theta)} \left(\frac{1}{\sin^3 \theta} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} \right) \sin^2 \theta$
 $= \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} - \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta}$
 $= \sec^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta$
 $= 1.$
15. $\sec^4 x - \tan^4 x = (\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x)(\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x)$
 $= (1)(\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x)$
 $= \sec^2 x + \tan^2 x.$
20. $\cot^3 \beta + 1 = (\cot \beta + 1)(\cot^2 \beta - \cot \beta + 1)$
 $= (\cot \beta + 1)[(\cot^2 \beta + 1) - \cot \beta]$
 $= (\cot \beta + 1)(\csc^2 \beta - \cot \beta).$
31. $(\cos \beta + \sin \beta)^4 = \cos^4 \beta + 4 \cos^3 \beta \sin \beta + 6 \cos^2 \beta \sin^2 \beta$
 $+ 4 \cos \beta \sin^3 \beta + \sin^4 \beta$
 $= \cos^4 \beta + 6 \cos^3 \beta \sin^2 \beta + \sin^4 \beta + 4 \cos^3 \beta \sin \beta$
 $+ 4 \cos \beta \sin^3 \beta$
 $= (\cos^4 \beta + \cos^2 \beta \sin^2 \beta) + 4 \cos^3 \beta \sin^2 \beta$
 $+ (\cos^3 \beta \sin^2 \beta + \sin^4 \beta) + 4 \cos \beta \sin \beta (\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta)$
 $= \cos^2 \beta (\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta) + 4 \cos^2 \beta \sin^2 \beta$
 $+ (\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta) \sin^2 \beta + 4 \cos \beta \sin \beta (1)$
 $= \cos^2 \beta (1) + 4 \cos^2 \beta \sin^2 \beta + (1) \sin^2 \beta + 4 \cos \beta \sin \beta$
 $= \cos^2 \beta + 4 \cos^2 \beta \sin^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta + 4 \cos \beta \sin \beta.$
42. $\tan^2 z + \cot^2 z = \frac{\sin^2 z}{\cos^2 z} + \frac{\cos^2 z}{\sin^2 z}$
 $= \frac{(\sin^2 z)(\sin^2 z) + (\cos^2 z)(\cos^2 z)}{(\cos^2 z)(\sin^2 z)}$
 $= \frac{\sin^4 z + (\sin^2 z)(1 - \sin^2 z)}{\sin^2 z \cos^2 z}$
 $= \frac{\sin^4 z + 1 - 2 \sin^2 z + \sin^4 z}{\sin^2 z \cos^2 z}$
 $= \frac{2 \sin^4 z - 2 \sin^2 z + 1}{\sin^2 z \cos^2 z}.$

Exercises 2.3

1. $\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$ 3. $\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$

5. $-\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}$ 7. $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$

16. $\sin 3\phi = \sin(5\phi - 2\phi)$
 $= \sin 5\phi \cos 2\phi - \cos 5\phi \sin 2\phi.$

20. $\frac{\cos \theta + \phi}{\cos \theta \cos \phi} = \frac{\cos \theta \cos \phi - \sin \theta \sin \phi}{\cos \theta \cos \phi - \sin \theta \sin \phi}$
 $= \frac{\cos \theta \cos \phi - \sin \theta \sin \phi}{\cos \theta \cos \phi - \sin \theta \sin \phi}$
 $= 1 - \frac{(\sin \theta)(\sin \phi)}{(\cos \theta)(\cos \phi)}$
 $= 1 - \tan \theta \tan \phi.$

25. $\sec(x+y) = \frac{1}{\cos(x+y)}$
 $= \frac{1}{\cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y}$
 $= \frac{1}{\frac{\cos x \cos y}{\cos x \cos y} - \frac{\sin x \sin y}{\cos x \cos y}}$
 $= \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos x}\right)\left(\frac{1}{\cos y}\right) - \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}\right)\left(\frac{\sin y}{\cos y}\right)}$
 $= \frac{\sec x \sec y}{1 - \tan x \tan y}$

39. $(\sin x \cos y)^2 - (\cos x \sin y)^2 = \sin^2 x \cos^2 y - \cos^2 x \sin^2 y$
 $= \sin^2 x \cos^2 y + \sin^2 x \sin^2 y$
 $- \sin^2 x \sin^2 y - \cos^2 x \sin^2 y$
 $= \sin^2 x (\cos^2 y + \sin^2 y)$
 $= \sin^2 x (1) - (1) \sin^2 y$
 $= \sin^2 x - \sin^2 y.$

Exercises 2.4

1. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

5. 0

11. $\sin 5x = \sin(3x + 2x)$
 $= \sin 3x \cos 2x + \cos 3x \sin 2x$
 $= (3 \sin x - 4 \sin^3 x)(1 - 2 \sin^2 x) + (4 \cos^2 x - 3 \cos x)(2 \sin x \cos x)$
 $= 3 \sin x - 6 \sin^3 x - 4 \sin^3 x + 8 \sin^5 x + 8 \sin^3 x \cos^2 x + 8 \sin x \cos^4 x$
 $= 3 \sin x - 10 \sin^3 x + 8 \sin^5 x + 8 \sin x (1 - \sin^2 x)^2$
 $= 3 \sin x - 10 \sin^3 x + 8 \sin^5 x + 8 \sin x (1 - 2 \sin^2 x + \sin^4 x)$
 $= 16 \sin^5 x - 20 \sin^3 x + 5 \sin x.$

16. $\frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{\sec^2 \alpha}$
 $= \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}\right)}{1 + \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha}}$
 $= \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{2 \left(\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}\right) (\cos^2 \alpha)}$
 $= 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$
 $= \sin 2\alpha.$

20. $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \theta\right) = \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \theta - \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \theta$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (\cos \theta - \sin \theta),$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 - 2 \sin^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \theta \right) &= 1 - 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) (\cos^2 \theta - 2 \cos \theta \sin \theta + \sin^2 \theta) \\
 &= 1 - [(\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta) - 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta] \\
 &= 1 - [1 - \sin 2\theta] \\
 &= \sin 2\theta.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 25. \sin \theta \sin 3\theta &= \sin \theta (3 \sin \theta - 4 \sin^3 \theta) \\
 &= 3 \sin^2 \theta - 4 \sin^4 \theta \\
 &= 4 \sin^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta - 4 \sin^4 \theta \\
 &= 4 \sin^2 \theta (1 - \sin^2 \theta) - \sin^2 \theta \\
 &= 4 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\
 &= (2 \sin \theta \cos \theta)^2 - \sin^2 \theta \\
 &= \sin^2 2\theta - \sin^2 \theta.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 33. \cot x + \tan x &= \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \\
 &= \frac{(\cos x)(\cos x) + (\sin x)(\sin x)}{\sin x \cos x} \\
 &= \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\sin x \cos x} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sin x \cos x} \\
 &= \frac{2}{2 \sin x \cos x} \\
 &= \frac{\sin 2x}{2} \\
 &= 2 \csc 2x.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 40. \frac{1 + \sin 2x + \cos 2x}{1 + \sin 2x - \cos 2x} &= \frac{1 + 2 \sin x \cos x + (2 \cos^2 x - 1)}{1 + 2 \sin x \cos x - (1 - 2 \sin^2 x)} \\
 &= \frac{2 \sin x \cos x + 2 \cos^2 x}{2 \sin x \cos x + 2 \sin^2 x} \\
 &= \frac{2 \cos x (\sin x + \cos x)}{2 \sin x (\cos x + \sin x)} \\
 &= \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \cot x.
 \end{aligned}$$

Exercises 2.5

1. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{2}$

5. $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{2}$

9. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}$ or $\sqrt{7} - 4\sqrt{3}$

13. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}}{2}$

17. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{2}$

3. $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2}$

7. $\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2})}{2}$

11. $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}$ or $\sqrt{7} + 4\sqrt{3}$

15. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}}{2}$

19. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}$ or $\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2}$

Should be -

$$\begin{aligned}
 23. \tan^2 \frac{\beta}{2} &= \frac{1 - \cos \beta}{1 + \cos \beta} \\
 &= \frac{(1 - \cos \beta)(1 - \cos \beta)}{(1 + \cos \beta)(1 - \cos \beta)} \\
 &= \frac{(1 - \cos \beta)^2}{(1 - \cos \beta)^2} \\
 &= \frac{\sin^2 \beta}{(1 - \cos \beta)^2} \\
 &= \left(\frac{1 - \cos \beta}{\sin \beta} \right)^2 \\
 \tan \frac{\beta}{2} &= \pm \frac{1 - \cos \beta}{\sin \beta}.
 \end{aligned}$$

if $\tan \frac{\beta}{2} > 0$, $\frac{\beta}{2}$ is in the 1st or 3rd quadrant. If $\frac{\beta}{2}$ is in the 1st quadrant, $\frac{\beta}{2}$ is between $2n\pi$ and $2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$ for some $n \in J$; β is between $4n\pi$ and $4n\pi + \pi$, which means $\sin \beta > 0$, and $\frac{1 - \cos \beta}{\sin \beta} > 0$.

If $\frac{\beta}{2}$ is in the 3rd quadrant, $\frac{\beta}{2}$ is between $2n\pi + \pi$ and $2n\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}$ for some $n \in J$; β is between $4n\pi + 2\pi$ and $4n\pi + 3\pi$, which means $\sin \beta > 0$ and $\frac{1 - \cos \beta}{\sin \beta} > 0$.

If $\tan \frac{\beta}{2} < 0$, $\frac{\beta}{2}$ is in the 2nd quadrant or the 4th quadrant. Show that in either case, $\sin \beta < 0$, so $\frac{1 - \cos \beta}{\sin \beta} < 0$.

$$27. \left(\tan \frac{y}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{1 - \cos y}{\sin y} \quad (\text{from No. 23})$$

$$= \frac{1 - \cos y}{\sin y} - \cot y,$$

$$= \csc y - \cot y,$$

$$34. \frac{1 + \tan \frac{z}{2}}{1 - \tan \frac{z}{2}} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sin z}{1 + \cos z}}{1 - \frac{\sin z}{1 + \cos z}}$$

$$= \frac{(1 + \cos z + \sin z)}{(1 + \cos z) - \sin z}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \cos z}{1 + \cos z - \sin z}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \cos z + \sin z}{(1 + \cos z) - \sin z}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \cos z + \sin z}{(1 + \cos z) - \sin z} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos z + \sin z}{1 + \cos z + \sin z}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \cos^2 z + \sin^2 z + 2 \cos z + 2 \sin z + 2 \sin z \cos z}{1 + \cos^2 z + \sin^2 z - \sin^2 z}$$

$$= \frac{2 + 2 \cos z + 2 \sin z + 2 \sin z \cos z}{1 + 2 \cos^2 z + \cos^2 z - (1 - \cos^2 z)}$$

$$= \frac{2[1 + \cos z + \sin z + \sin z \cos z]}{2 \cos z + 2 \cos^2 z}$$

$$= \frac{2(1 + \cos z)(1 + \sin z)}{2 \cos z(1 + \cos z)}$$

$$= \frac{2(1 + \cos z)(1 + \sin z)}{2 \cos z(1 + \cos z)}$$

$$= \frac{2(1 + \cos z)(1 + \sin z)}{2 \cos z(1 + \cos z)}$$

$$= \frac{2(1 + \cos z)(1 + \sin z)}{2 \cos z(1 + \cos z)}$$

$$= \frac{2(1 + \cos z)(1 + \sin z)}{2 \cos z(1 + \cos z)}$$

$$= \frac{2(1 + \cos z)(1 + \sin z)}{2 \cos z(1 + \cos z)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1 + \sin z}{\cos z} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\cos z} + \frac{\sin z}{\cos z} = \sec z + \tan z. \\
 38. \quad 2 \sin^2 \frac{y}{6} - \sin^2 \frac{y}{7} &= 2 \left(\frac{1 - \cos \frac{y}{3}}{2} \right) - \left(1 - \cos^2 \frac{y}{7} \right) \\
 &= 1 - \cos \frac{y}{3} - 1 + \cos^2 \frac{y}{7} \\
 &= \cos^2 \frac{y}{7} - \cos \frac{y}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Exercises 2.6

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. \quad &\frac{1}{4} \\
 3. \quad &\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\
 5. \quad &-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\
 7. \quad 2 \cos \left(\frac{x+y}{2} \right) \cos \left(\frac{x-y}{2} \right) &= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left[\cos \left(\frac{x+y}{2} + \frac{x-y}{2} \right) + \cos \left(\frac{x+y}{2} - \frac{x-y}{2} \right) \right] \\
 &= \cos \left(\frac{2x}{2} \right) + \cos \left(\frac{2y}{2} \right) \\
 &= \cos x + \cos y.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$12. \quad 2 \cos 2\alpha \sin 4\alpha = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} [\sin(4\alpha + 2\alpha) + \sin(4\alpha - 2\alpha)]$$

$$= \sin 6\alpha + \sin 2\alpha.$$

$$17. \quad \cos 2\theta [2 \cos 4\theta - 1] = 2 \cos 2\theta \cos 4\theta - \cos 2\theta$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2\theta + 4\theta) + \cos(2\theta - 4\theta)] - \cos 2\theta$$

$$= \cos 6\theta + \cos(-2\theta) - \cos 2\theta$$

$$= \cos 6\theta + \cos 2\theta - \cos 2\theta$$

$$= \cos 6\theta.$$

$$19. \quad 2 \sin 2x \cos 2x = 2(2 \sin x \cos x)(1 - 2 \sin^2 x)$$

$$= 4 \cos x (\sin x - 2 \sin^3 x).$$

$$24. \quad 4 \sin x \sin 2x \sin 3x = 2(2 \sin x \sin 2x) \sin 3x$$

$$= 2 \left(2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} [\cos(x - 2x) - \cos(x + 2x)] \right) \sin 3x$$

$$= 2[\cos(-x) - \cos 3x] \sin 3x$$

$$= 2 \sin 3x [\cos x - \cos 3x]$$

$$= 2 \sin 3x \cos x - 2 \sin 3x \cos 3x$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} [\sin(3x + x) + \sin(3x - x)] - \sin 6x$$

$$= \sin 4x + \sin 2x - \sin 6x.$$

Chapter 3

Exercises 3.1

$$1. \quad S = \{x | x = -.73 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{x | x = \pi + .73 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$3. \quad S = \{z | z = -1.107 + n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$5. \quad S = \{\alpha | \alpha = \pi - 1.369 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{\alpha | \alpha = \pi + 1.369 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$7. \quad S = \emptyset, \frac{5}{2} \text{ is not in the range of the sine function.}$$

$$9. \quad S = \{\theta | \theta = 1.166 + n\pi, n \in J\}. \quad 11. \quad S = \emptyset.$$

$$13. \quad S = \{z | z = .985 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{z | z = \pi - .985 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$15. \quad S = \{\alpha | \alpha = .464 + n\pi, n \in J\}. \quad 17. \quad S = \emptyset.$$

$$19. \quad S = \{\theta | \theta = 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$21. \quad S = \{\beta | \beta = .896 + n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$23. \quad S = \{y | y = 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{y | y = 1.231 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup$$

$$\{y | y = -1.231 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$25. \quad S = \left\{ \alpha \mid \alpha = \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2n\pi, n \in J \right\} \cup \left\{ \alpha \mid \alpha = .167 + 2n\pi, n \in J \right\} \cup$$

$$\left\{ \alpha \mid \alpha = \pi - .167 + 2n\pi, n \in J \right\}.$$

$$27. \quad S = \{\beta | \beta = 1.249 + n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{\beta | \beta = -1.249 + n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$29. \quad S = \{t | t = .955 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{t | t = \pi - .955 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup$$

$$\{t | t = \pi + .955 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{t | t = -.955 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

Exercises 3.2

$$1. \quad S = \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{2n\pi}{3}, n \in J \right\}.$$

$$3. \quad S = \left\{ \beta \mid \beta = \frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{n\pi}{2}, n \in J \right\}. \quad 5. \quad S = \emptyset.$$

$$7. \quad S = \left\{ y \mid y = \frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{n\pi}{2}, n \in J \right\} \cup \left\{ y \mid y = -\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{n\pi}{2}, n \in J \right\}.$$

$$9. \quad S = \left\{ \beta \mid \beta = \frac{\pi}{20} + \frac{n\pi}{5}, n \in J \right\}.$$

$$11. \quad S = \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{n\pi}{2}, n \in J \right\}.$$

$$13. \quad S = \{\alpha | \alpha = -.101 + n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{\alpha | \alpha = \frac{\pi}{2} + .101 + n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$15. \quad S = \{z | z = 3\pi + 4n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$17. \quad S = \{y | y = \pi + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$19. \quad S = \{\beta | \beta = 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$21. \quad S = \{x | x = .616 + n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{x | x = -.616 + n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$23. \quad S = \emptyset.$$

$$25. \quad S = \{z | z = 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{z | z = .927 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$27. \quad S = \{y | y = \pi - 1.176 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$29. \quad S = \left\{ \beta \mid \beta = \frac{3\pi}{4} + n\pi, n \in J \right\} \cup \left\{ \beta \mid \beta = 1.107 + n\pi, n \in J \right\}.$$

$$31. \quad S = \{\alpha | \alpha = \pi + 2n\pi, n \in J\}.$$

$$33. \quad S = \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{n\pi}{3}, n \in J \right\} \cup \left\{ x \mid x = .369 + \frac{n\pi}{3}, n \in J \right\}.$$

Exercises 3.3

$$1. \quad S = \left\{ \theta \mid \theta = \frac{2n\pi}{7}, n \in J \right\} \cup \left\{ \theta \mid \theta = \pi + 2n\pi, n \in J \right\}.$$

$$3. \quad S = \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{n\pi}{4}, n \in J, n \neq 4k + 2, k \in J \right\}.$$

$$5. \quad S = \left\{ \beta \mid \beta = \frac{\pi}{7} + \frac{2n\pi}{7}, n \in J \right\} \cup \left\{ \beta \mid \beta = \pi + 2n\pi, n \in J \right\}.$$

7. $S = \{y | y = \frac{2n\pi}{3}, n \in J\}$.
 9. $S = \{\alpha | \alpha = \frac{n\pi}{3}, n \in J, n \neq 3k, k \in J\}$.
 11. $S = \{z | z = -\frac{\pi}{2} + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{z | z = \frac{3\pi}{4} + \frac{2n\pi}{7}, n \in J\}$.
 13. $S = \{x | x = \frac{\pi}{5} + \frac{2n\pi}{5}, n \in J\} \cap \{x | x = \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{2n\pi}{3}, n \in J\}$.
 15. $S = \{\theta | \theta = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{n\pi}{3}, n \in J\}$.

Review Exercises

1. $S = \{x | x = \pi + .412 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{x | x = -412 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}$.
 3. $S = \{\alpha | \alpha = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{\alpha | \alpha = .730 + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{\alpha | \alpha = \pi - .730 + 2n\pi, n \in J\}$.
 5. $S = \{x | x = 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{x | x = \frac{\pi}{5} + \frac{2n\pi}{5}, n \in J\}$.
 7. $S = \{\beta | \beta = \frac{\pi}{2} + .616 + n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{\beta | \beta = \frac{\pi}{2} - .616 + n\pi, n \in J\}$.
 9. $S = \{\alpha | \alpha = 1.107 + n\pi, n \in J\}$.
 11. $S = \{y | y = -\frac{\pi}{2} + 2n\pi, n \in J\}$.
 13. $S = \{\gamma | \gamma = \frac{\pi}{18} + \frac{n\pi}{3}, n \in J\}$.
 15. $S = \{x | x = 1.326 + n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{x | x = 1.249 + n\pi, n \in J\}$.
 17. $S = \{\theta | \theta = -\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{n\pi}{3}, n \in J\}$.
 19. $S = \{z | z = \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{z | z = \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2n\pi, n \in J\}$.
 21. $S = \{x | x = 2n\pi, n \in J\}$.
 23. $S = \{\theta | \theta = \frac{2n\pi}{5}, n \in J\} \cup \{\theta | \theta = \frac{2n\pi}{9}, n \in J\}$.
 25. $S = \{x | x = .464 - \frac{\pi}{3} - n\pi, n \in J\} \cup \{x | x = \frac{\pi}{6} - .464 + n\pi, n \in J\}$.

Chapter 4

Exercises 4.1

- (1) No.
 3. Yes. $h^{-1} = \{(5, 1), (3, -1), (9, 3), (1, -3), (13, 5), (-1, -5)\}$.
 5. Yes. $g^{-1} = \{(x, y) | y = \frac{x+13}{4}\}$. 7. No.
 9. Yes. $h^{-1} = \{(x, y) | y = \frac{1-x}{3}\}$. 11. Yes. $g^{-1} = \{(w, z) | z = \frac{w-2}{3}\}$.
 13. Let $f_1 = \{(x, y) | y = x^2 - 1, x \geq 0\}$. $f_1^{-1} = \{(x, y) | y = \sqrt{x+1}\}$.

15. Let $h_1 = \{(w, z) | z = w^2 + 6w + 9, w \geq -3\}$. $h_1^{-1} = \{(w, z) | z = \sqrt{w-3}\}$.
 17. Let $f_1 = \{(u, v) | v = u^2 + 4u + 1, u \geq -2\}$. $f_1^{-1} = \{(u, v) | v = \sqrt{u+3} - 2\}$.
 19. Let $g_1 = \{(x, z) | z = \frac{1}{x^2 - 2x - 2}, x \geq 1\}$. $g_1^{-1} = \{(x, z) | z = 1 + \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{x}}\}$.

Exercises 4.2

1. a. $-\frac{\pi}{2}$ c. $-\frac{\pi}{4}$ e. $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ 2. a. π c. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ e. $\frac{\pi}{2}$
 3. a. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ c. $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ e. $-\frac{\pi}{4}$ 4. a. 0 c. $\frac{7\pi}{6}$ e. $\frac{\pi}{3}$
 5. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ 7. $-\frac{1}{2}$ 9. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ 11. $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 13. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 15. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ 17. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ 19. $\frac{1}{2}$

Exercises 4.3

3. $\{0\}$ 5. $\{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\}$ 7. $\{0.8776\}$ 9. $\{0.3272\}$
 11. $\{-0.1987\}$

Review Exercises

1. 0 3. $\sqrt[3]{3}$ 5. $-\sqrt{2}$ 7. $-\frac{\pi}{2}$
 9. $\{0\}$ 11. $\{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\}$ 13. Yes. $f^{-1} = \{(x, y) | y = \sqrt[3]{x+1}\}$. 15. No.

Chapter 5

Exercises 5.1

1. $75^\circ 38'$ 9. $-62^\circ 27'$ 11. $71^\circ 37'$
 450° 9. -810° 11. 2327 radians
 13. .5061 radians 15. $-.5992$ radians 17. $-\frac{3\pi}{2}$ radians
 19. $\frac{13\pi}{6}$ radians

Exercises 4.1

21. 0° 30° 45° 60°
 0 radians $\frac{\pi}{6}$ radians $\frac{\pi}{4}$ radians $\frac{\pi}{3}$ radians
 90° 180° 270° 360°
 $\frac{\pi}{2}$ radians π radians $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ radians 2π radians

23. II 25. I 27. II
 29. I 31. quadrantal angle 33. IV

35. I
 37. $381^\circ, 741^\circ, -339^\circ, -699^\circ$
 39. $455^\circ, 815^\circ, -265^\circ, -625^\circ$
 41. $-553^\circ, -913^\circ, 167^\circ, 527^\circ$
 43. $-\frac{13\pi}{6}$ radians, $-\frac{25\pi}{6}$ radians, $\frac{11\pi}{6}$ radians, $\frac{23\pi}{6}$ radians
 45. $\frac{7\pi}{3}$ radians, $\frac{\pi}{3}$ radians, $-\frac{5\pi}{3}$ radians, $-\frac{11\pi}{3}$ radians

Exercises 5.2

Use Figure 5.13 for 1 and 3.

1. $\tan \alpha = \frac{a}{b} = \left(\frac{a}{c}\right) \div \left(\frac{b}{c}\right) = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \tan x$
 3. $\csc \alpha = \frac{c}{a} = 1 \div \left(\frac{a}{c}\right) = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{1}{\sin x} = \csc x$
 5. $\sin \alpha = \frac{15}{17} = .882 = \cos \beta$. $\cos \alpha = \frac{8}{17} = .471 = \sin \beta$.
 $\tan \alpha = \frac{15}{8} = 1.875 = \cot \beta$. $\cot \alpha = \frac{8}{15} = .5333 = \tan \beta$.
 $\sec \alpha = \frac{17}{8} = 2.125 = \csc \beta$. $\csc \alpha = \frac{17}{15} = 1.133 = \sec \beta$.
 7. $\sin \alpha = \frac{5}{13} = .385 = \cos \beta$. $\cos \alpha = \frac{12}{13} = .923 = \sin \beta$.
 $\tan \alpha = \frac{5}{12} = .417 = \cot \beta$. $\cot \alpha = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4 = \tan \beta$.
 $\sec \alpha = \frac{13}{5} = 2.6 = \csc \beta$. $\csc \alpha = \frac{13}{12} = 1.083 = \sec \beta$.
 9. $\sin \alpha = \frac{40}{41} = .976 = \cos \beta$. $\cos \alpha = \frac{9}{41} = .220 = \sin \beta$.
 $\tan \alpha = \frac{40}{9} = 4.444 = \cot \beta$. $\cot \alpha = \frac{9}{40} = .225 = \tan \beta$.
 $\sec \alpha = \frac{41}{9} = 4.556 = \csc \beta$. $\csc \alpha = \frac{41}{40} = 1.025 = \sec \beta$.

11. $\alpha = 45^\circ, \beta = 45^\circ, c = 3\sqrt{2}$ ft.
 13. $\alpha = 30^\circ, \beta = 60^\circ, b = 3\sqrt{3}$ yds.
 15. $\alpha = 45^\circ 34', \beta = 44^\circ 26', a = 7.142$ in.
 17. $\beta = 63^\circ, b = 9.815$ ft, $c = 11.015$ ft.
 19. $\alpha = 51^\circ 17', a = 18.63$ yds, $c = 23.985$ yds.
 21. $\alpha = 63^\circ, b = 2.548$ in., $c = 5.610$ in.
 23. $\beta = 27^\circ 33', a = 28.76$ ft, $c = 32.43$ ft.
 25. 36.1 ft
 27. 94.3 ft, $58^\circ, 32^\circ$
 29. 7.48 ft, $29^\circ 56'$ 31. 355 ft

Exercises 5.3

3. $\gamma = 64^\circ, a = 20.37$ ft, $c = 25.03$ ft.
 5. $\alpha = 86^\circ 43', a = 3.282$ ft, $b = 1.223$ ft.
 7. $\beta = 28^\circ 3', \gamma = 115^\circ 57', c = 53.57$ in.

9. $\alpha = 43^\circ 18', \beta = 104^\circ 14', b = 32.51$ yds or $\alpha = 136^\circ 42', \beta = 10^\circ 40', b = 6.207$ yds.
 11. No solution
 13. $\alpha = 130^\circ 22', \gamma = 11^\circ 48', a = 41.0$ in.
 15. a. 210 ft b. 703 ft 17. 110 ft 19. 180 ft

Exercises 5.4

1. $\alpha = 65^\circ 40', \beta = 40^\circ 20', c = 40.09$ ft.
 3. $\alpha = 31^\circ 45', \beta = 51^\circ 15', c = 105.6$ yds.
 5. $\alpha = 62^\circ 42', \gamma = 58^\circ 48', b = 28.31$ in.
 7. $\beta = 25^\circ 41', \gamma = 22^\circ 29', a = 134.8$ ft.
 9. $\beta = 42^\circ 10', \gamma = 42^\circ 10', a = 63.30$ yds.
 11. $\alpha = 50^\circ 51', \gamma = 70^\circ 43', \beta = 58^\circ 26'$.
 13. $\alpha = 36^\circ 52', \beta = 53^\circ 8', \gamma = 90^\circ$.
 15. 240 ft 17. 37 ft 19. $32\sqrt{3}$ ft

Exercises 5.5

1. 193.9 sq ft 3. 4036 sq yds 5. 450.8 sq in.
 7. 778.6 sq ft 9. 606.7 sq ft 11. 280.2 sq in.
 13. 191,500 sq yds 15. 170.9 sq ft or 253.6 sq ft
 17. No solution 19. 105.8 sq ft 21. $128\sqrt{3}$ sq ft

Review Exercises

1. $\beta = 70^\circ, a = 218.7$ in., $c = 266.4$ in.
 3. $\alpha = 40^\circ 32', \beta = 49^\circ 28', a = 2\sqrt{66}$ ft = 16.25 ft.
 5. $\alpha = 64^\circ 59', \gamma = 40^\circ 38', a = 26.92$ ft.
 7. a. 10° c. -828° 9. 414.1 ft
 11. a. $\frac{2\pi}{9}$ radians c. $-\frac{9\pi}{10}$ radians
 13. $\alpha = 35^\circ 26', \beta = 48^\circ 11', \gamma = 96^\circ 23'$
 17. $b = 46.84$ yds, $\alpha = 26^\circ 58', \gamma = 103^\circ 42'$. 15. No solution

Chapter 6

Exercises 6.1

1. a. 7, -1, 7 + i c. 2, 5, 2 - 5i e. 0, -4, 4i
 g. 9, -2, 9 + 2i i. $\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}i$ k. 3, 0, 3
 3. $-2\pi - i$ 5. $6i$ 7. $4\pi + 7i$
 9. $1 + 2i$ 11. $(3e^3 + 2b) + 37$ 13. $-6 - 17i$
 15. $\frac{1}{13} + \frac{5}{13}i$ 17. $\frac{c}{c^2 + d^2} - \frac{d}{c^2 + d^2}$ 19. $\frac{88}{26} - \frac{41}{26}i$
 21. 39 - 21i 23. $-125 - 125i$ 25. $-\frac{60}{289} - \frac{32}{289}i$

Exercises 6.2

1. $\sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \right)$
 5. $4\sqrt{3} \left[\cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{6} \right) + i \sin \left(-\frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right]$
 8. $\frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4\sqrt{2}} - 4\sqrt{2}i$
 13. $2 - 2\sqrt{3}i$
 14. $2 - 2\sqrt{3}i$
 15. $-3\sqrt{3} + 3i$

Exercises 6.3

1. $10 \left(\cos \frac{13\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{13\pi}{6} \right)$
 5. $27 \left(\cos \frac{6\pi}{5} + i \sin \frac{6\pi}{5} \right)$
 9. $2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$
 13. 16
 17. $\frac{1}{9} \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \right)$

Exercises 6.4

1. $1, -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$
 3. $1, \cos \frac{2\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{7}, \cos \frac{4\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{4\pi}{7}, \cos \frac{6\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{6\pi}{7}, \cos \frac{8\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{8\pi}{7}, \cos \frac{10\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{10\pi}{7}, \cos \frac{12\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{12\pi}{7}$
 5. $\sqrt{2} \left[\cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{12} \right) + i \sin \left(-\frac{\pi}{12} \right) \right], \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{7\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{12} \right), \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \right)$
 7. $\sqrt{5} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{35} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{35} \right), \sqrt{5} \left(\cos \frac{11\pi}{35} + i \sin \frac{11\pi}{35} \right), \sqrt{5} \left(\cos \frac{21\pi}{35} + i \sin \frac{21\pi}{35} \right), \sqrt{5} \left(\cos \frac{31\pi}{35} + i \sin \frac{31\pi}{35} \right), \sqrt{5} \left(\cos \frac{41\pi}{35} + i \sin \frac{41\pi}{35} \right), \sqrt{5} \left(\cos \frac{51\pi}{35} + i \sin \frac{51\pi}{35} \right), \sqrt{5} \left(\cos \frac{61\pi}{35} + i \sin \frac{61\pi}{35} \right)$
 9. $\sqrt{2} \left[\cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{12} \right) + i \sin \left(-\frac{\pi}{12} \right) \right], \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right), \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{7\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{12} \right), \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{11\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{11\pi}{12} \right), \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \right), \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{19\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{19\pi}{12} \right), \sqrt{3} - \frac{i}{2}, \frac{i}{2} - \sqrt{3}$

Review Exercises

1. $3\sqrt{3} + 3i$
 5. $1 + \sqrt{3}i, -2, 1 - \sqrt{3}i$
 6. a. $-1 + 31i$ c. $-5 + 10i$ e. $27 \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \right)$
 g. $\cos \frac{8\pi}{15} + i \sin \frac{8\pi}{15}$
 7. $12 \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \right)$
 9. a. $\frac{5}{2} \left(\cos \frac{7\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{12} \right)$ c. $1 + 9i$
 e. $-24 - 3i$ g. $-4 + 4i$

Appendix

Exercises A.1

1. 3
 7. $\log 291 + \log 243$
 9. $\log 291 - \log 243$
 11. $\frac{1}{2} \log 31 + 3 \log 29$
 13. $\frac{1}{3} \log 729 + 4 \log 281 - \log 927$
 15. $4[2 \log 314 + \log 475 - \log 627]$
 17. $1.967 \cdot 10^3$ 19. $8.42 \cdot 10^{-2}$ 21. $9.189 \cdot 10^{-3}$

Exercises A.2

1. 2.4639
 7. 8.6894 - 10
 13. 4.96
 19. 1953
 3. 9.7143 - 10
 9. 6.0208
 15. 820.8
 21. 0.001328

Exercises A.3

1. $1.466 \cdot 10^7$
 7. $3.760 \cdot 10^{10}$
 3. 4291
 9. 1.239

Exercises A.4

1. 9.8821 - 10
 7. 10.0547 - 10
 13. 26°50'
 19. 12°52'
 3. 9.9004 - 10
 9. 9.9838 - 10
 15. 48°20'
 21. 23°56'
 5. 2.9.94
 5. 1.4053
 11. 5.7912 - 10
 17. 0.6512
 5. 10.2307 - 10
 11. 9.5813 - 10
 17. 4°43'
 23. 37°4'