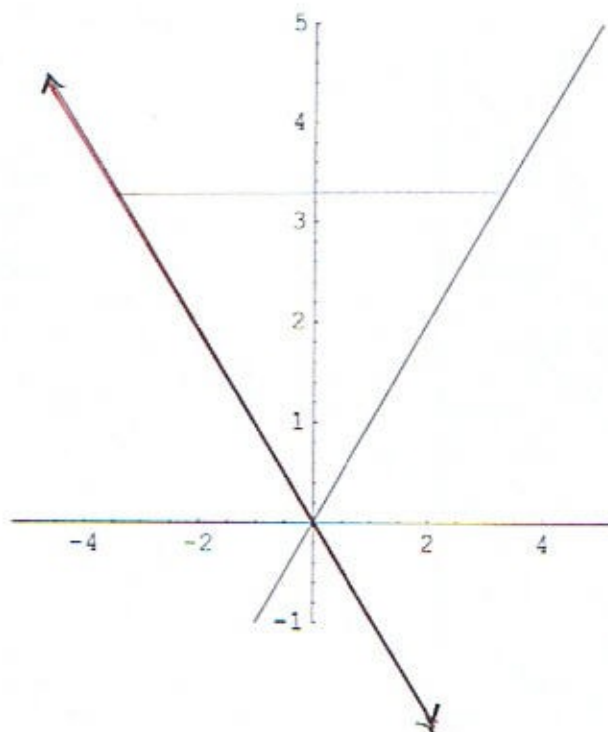


- A. Give the points which are symmetric to the following points
- with respect to the  $y$ -axis,
  - with respect to the origin,
  - with respect to the  $x$ -axis, and
  - with respect to the line  $y = x$ .

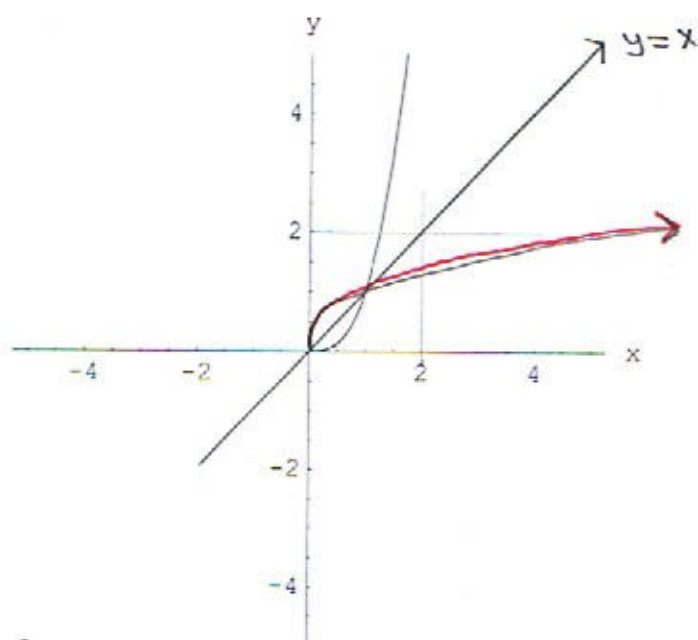
	$y$ -axis	origin	$x$ -axis	$y = x$
$(-5, 17)$	$(5, 17)$	$(5, -17)$	$(-5, -17)$	$(17, -5)$
$(14, 123)$	$(-14, 123)$	$(-14, -123)$	$(14, -123)$	$(123, 14)$
$(-9, -8)$	$(9, -8)$	$(9, 8)$	$(-9, 8)$	$(-8, -9)$
$(\pi, \sqrt{5})$	$(-\pi, \sqrt{5})$	$(-\pi, -\sqrt{5})$	$(\pi, -\sqrt{5})$	$(\sqrt{5}, \pi)$

- B. Sketch the line or curve.

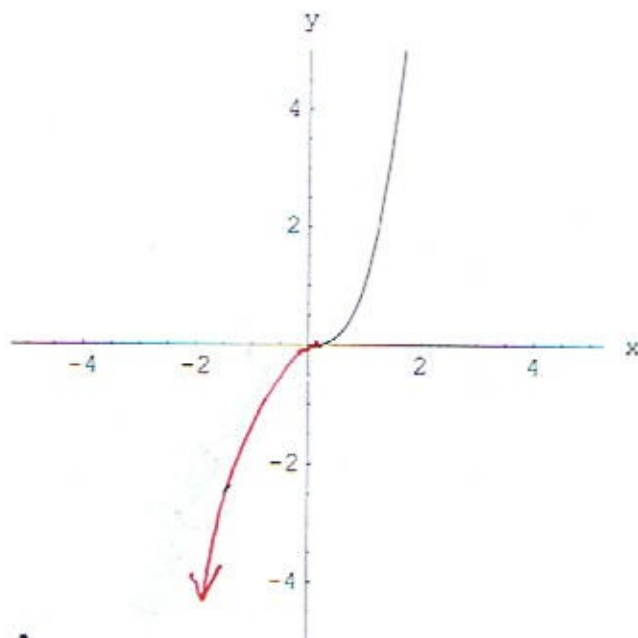
[1] Sketch the line symmetric to the given line with respect to the  $y$ -axis.



[2] Sketch the curve symmetric to the given curve with respect to the line  $y = x$ .



[3] Sketch the curve symmetric to the given curve with respect to the origin.



■ C.  $f: f(x) = x^4$  is symmetric with respect to the y-axis. Prove this.

$$f(a) = a^4 = f(-a)$$

∴  $f$  is symmetric w.r.t y-axis