

- Express each of the following as a single trigonometric function.

(a) $\cos \theta + \sin \theta$ (c) $3 \sin \theta + 4 \cos \theta$	(b) $\sqrt{3} \cos \theta - \sin \theta$ (d) $\sin \theta - \sqrt{2} \cos \theta$
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- Given that $\sqrt{3} \cos \theta + \sin \theta \equiv R \cos(\theta - \alpha)$, where $R > 0$ and α is acute, evaluate R and α .
- Given that $5 \sin \theta - 12 \cos \theta \equiv R \sin(\theta - \alpha)$, where $R > 0$ and α is acute, evaluate R and α .
- Find the maximum and minimum values of each of the following functions. [See page 58 of J11BA, RT]

(a) $12 \cos \theta - 5 \sin \theta$ (c) $2 \sin \theta - 3 \cos \theta$	(b) $7 \sin \theta + 24 \cos \theta$ (d) $(p + 1) \cos \theta + (p - 1) \sin \theta$
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- Find the maximum and minimum values of each of the following expressions and the corresponding values of θ , where $0^\circ < \theta < 360^\circ$.

(a) $3 \sin \theta - 4 \cos \theta$ (c) $\cos \theta - 3 \sin \theta$ (e) $4 \sin \theta + 3 \cos \theta - 2$	(b) $5 \sin \theta + 12 \cos \theta$ (d) $3 \cos \theta + 2 \sin \theta$ (f) $3 - 7 \cos \theta + 24 \sin \theta$
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- Find all the angles between 0° and 360° which satisfy the following equations.

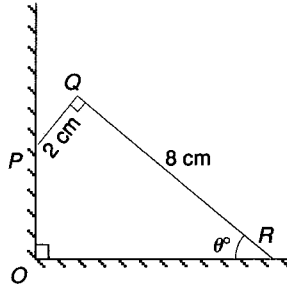
(a) $3 \cos x - 4 \sin x = 1$ (c) $6 \cos x - 2 \sin x = 3.5$ (e) $2.1 \cos x - \sin x = 1.6$	(b) $\sqrt{3} \sin x - \cos x = 1$ (d) $\sin x + 2 \cos x = \sqrt{2}$ (f) $\pi \cos x + e \sin x = 2$
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- Find all the angles between 0° and 180° inclusive which satisfy the following equations.

(a) $\sin 2x = 2 \cos 2x - 1$ (b) $2 \cos 3x - \sin 3x = 2$ (c) $\frac{3 \sin 2x}{1 + \cos 2x} - 2$	
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- Solve the following equations for $0^\circ < x < 360^\circ$.

(a) $\sin \frac{1}{2}x \cos \frac{1}{2}x + 2 \cos x = 1$ (b) $2 \cot x = 3 + 2 \operatorname{cosec} x$ *(c) $2 \sin x(2 \sin x - \cos x) = 1$	
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- *9. Express $3 \sin \theta + 4 \cos(60^\circ - \theta) = 2$ in the form $a \sin \theta + b \cos \theta = c$. Hence solve the given equation for values of θ between 0° and 360° inclusive.

- *10. The diagram shows an L-shape rod PQR leaning against a vertical wall. Given that $PQ = 2$ cm, $QR = 8$ cm and angle $ORQ = \theta^\circ$, show that $OR = (2 \sin \theta^\circ + 8 \cos \theta^\circ)$ cm.

- (a) Find the value of θ for which OR is a maximum.
 (b) Find the value of θ for which $OR = 6$ cm.



Exercise 11.3 (p. 218)

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| 1. (a) $\sqrt{2} \cos(\theta - 45^\circ)$ | (b) $2 \cos(\theta + 30^\circ)$ | (c) $5 \sin(\theta + 53.1^\circ)$ |
| (d) $\sqrt{3} \sin(\theta - 54.7^\circ)$ | 2. $R = 2, \alpha = 30^\circ$ | 3. $R = 13, \alpha = 67.4^\circ$ |
| 4. (a) 13, -13 | (b) 25, -25 | (c) $\sqrt{13}, -\sqrt{13}$ |
| (d) $\sqrt{2p^2 + 2}, -\sqrt{2p^2 + 2}$ | | |
| 5. (a) max. = 5, $\theta = 143.1^\circ$, min. = -5, $\theta = 323.1^\circ$ | | |
| (b) max. = 13, $\theta = 22.6^\circ$, min. = -13, $\theta = 202.6^\circ$ | | |
| (c) max. = $\sqrt{10}$, $\theta = 288.4^\circ$, min. = $-\sqrt{10}$, $\theta = 108.4^\circ$ | | |
| (d) max. = $\sqrt{13}$, $\theta = 33.7^\circ$, min. = $-\sqrt{13}$, $\theta = 213.7^\circ$ | | |
| (e) max. = 3, $\theta = 53.1^\circ$, min. = -7, $\theta = 233.1^\circ$ | | |
| (f) max. = 28, $\theta = 106.3^\circ$, min. = -22, $\theta = 286.3^\circ$ | | |
| 6. (a) $25.3^\circ, 228.4^\circ$ | (b) $60^\circ, 180^\circ$ | (c) $38.0^\circ, 285.2^\circ$ |
| (d) $77.3^\circ, 335.8^\circ$ | (e) $21.1^\circ, 288.0^\circ$ | (f) $102.1^\circ, 339.6^\circ$ |
| 7. (a) $18.4^\circ, 135^\circ$ | (b) $0^\circ, 102.3^\circ, 120^\circ$ | (c) $33.7^\circ, 90^\circ$ |
| 8. (a) $75.0^\circ, 313.1^\circ$ | (b) 247.4° | (c) $45^\circ, 161.6^\circ, 225^\circ, 341.6^\circ$ |
| 9. $(3 + 2\sqrt{3}) \sin \theta + 2 \cos \theta = 2$; $0^\circ, 145.6^\circ, 360^\circ$ | 10. (a) 14.0 | (b) 57.4 |