

# [11-06-07-T21]

## Assignment

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There are six permutations that can be made using the numerals 1, 2, 3. Let each such permutation be named as follows:

$\alpha$ : 1, 2, 3

$\beta$ : 2, 3, 1

$\gamma$ : 3, 1, 2

$\delta$ : 1, 3, 2

$\eta$ : 3, 2, 1

$\theta$ : 2, 1, 3

[1] Work out a multiplication table for the products of these permutations. Convince yourself that the table is that of a group and call the group  $S_3$ .

[2] Compare  $S_3$  with  $D_3$

	$\rho_0$	$\rho_1$	$\rho_2$	$\mu_1$	$\mu_2$	$\mu_3$
$\rho_0$	$\rho_0$	$\rho_1$	$\rho_2$	$\mu_1$	$\mu_2$	$\mu_3$
$\rho_1$	$\rho_1$	$\rho_2$	$\rho_0$	$\mu_2$	$\mu_3$	$\mu_1$
[ $D_3$ ]	$\rho_2$	$\rho_2$	$\rho_0$	$\rho_1$	$\mu_3$	$\mu_1$
	$\mu_1$	$\mu_1$	$\mu_3$	$\mu_2$	$\rho_0$	$\rho_2$
	$\mu_2$	$\mu_2$	$\mu_1$	$\mu_3$	$\rho_1$	$\rho_0$
	$\mu_3$	$\mu_3$	$\mu_2$	$\mu_1$	$\rho_2$	$\rho_1$

[3] Based on your comparison in [2], what can you say about the groups  $S_3$  and  $D_3$ ?

[4] Find the cyclic subgroups  $\langle \rho_1 \rangle$ ,  $\langle \rho_2 \rangle$ ,  $\langle \mu_1 \rangle$  of  $S_3$ .

[5] Find all subgroups, proper and improper, of  $S_3$  and make a lattice diagram for them.