

[11-05-16-T8]

Completing the square

■ For each equation, solve for x by completing the square.

[1] $2x^2 + 8x + 5 = 10$

[2] $3a^2 + 6a + 5 = 8$

[3] $2x^2 + 6x - 8 = 1$

[4] $5x^2 - 2x - 12 = 0$

[5] $6x^2 + 10x + 1 = 3$

[6] $2x^2 - 2x - 8 = -2$

[7] $3x^2 - 4x = 7$

[8] $4x^2 + x + 12 = 3$

Answers

[1] $x = \frac{1}{2}(-4 - \sqrt{26})$ or $x = \frac{1}{2}(-4 + \sqrt{26})$

[2] $a = -1 - \sqrt{2}$ or $a = -1 + \sqrt{2}$

[3] $x = \frac{3}{2}(-1 - \sqrt{3})$ or $x = \frac{3}{2}(-1 + \sqrt{3})$

[4] $x = \frac{1}{5}(1 - \sqrt{61})$ or $x = \frac{1}{5}(1 + \sqrt{61})$

[5] $x = \frac{1}{6}(-5 - \sqrt{37})$ or $x = \frac{1}{6}(-5 + \sqrt{37})$

[6] $x = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \sqrt{13})$ or $x = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \sqrt{13})$

[7] $x = -1$ or $x = \frac{7}{3}$

[8] No real number solutions